#### Pt. 62b

# PART 62b—DRUNK AND DRUGGED DRIVING BY DOD PERSONNEL

Sec.

62b.1 Purpose.

62b.2 Applicability.

62b.3 Policy.

62b.4 Procedures.

62b.5 Responsibilities.

62b.6 DoD Intoxicated Driving Prevention Task Force.

62b.7 Definitions.

APPENDIX 1 TO PART 62B—DRIVER'S LICENSE INFORMATION (SAMPLE LETTER)

APPENDIX 2 TO PART 62B—STATE DRIVER'S LI-CENSE AGENCIES

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Source: 48 FR 41581, Sept. 16, 1983, unless otherwise noted.

## §62b.1 Purpose.

This part:

- (a) Establishes DoD policy regarding drunk and drugged driving by DoD personnel (hereafter referred to as "intoxicated driving").
- (b) Assigns responsibility for and explains DoD policy and procedures on the establishment and operation of the DoD Intoxicated Driving Prevention Program, which is designed to address the problem of and increase the awareness and attention given to intoxicated driving by DoD personnel.
- (c) Establishes the DoD Intoxicated Driving Prevention Task Force (DIDPTF).

## §62b.2 Applicability.

This part applies to the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Military Departments, the Organization of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Unified and Specified Commands, and the Defense Agencies (hereafter referred to collectively as "DoD Components"). The term "Military Services," as used herein, refers to the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps.

#### §62b.3 Policy.

(a) Intoxicated driving is incompatible with the maintenance of high standards of performance, military discipline, DoD personnel reliability, and readiness of military units and supporting activities. It is DoD policy to reduce significantly the incidence of intoxicated driving within the Depart-

ment of Defense through a coordinated program of education, indentification, law enforcement, and treatment. Specifically, the goal of the DoD Intoxicated Driving Prevention Program is to reduce the number of fatalities and injuries suffered by DoD personnel and the amount of property damage that result from intoxicated driving. Persons who engage in intoxicated driving, regardless of the geographic location of the incident, have demonstrated a serious disregard for the safety of themselves and others. It is appropriate for military commanders, in the exercise of their inherent authority, to protect the mission of an installation and the safety of persons and property therein to restrict driving privileges of persons who engage in such actions.

(b) The Department of Defense shall participate in the national effort to prevent intoxicated driving by maintaining appropriate relationships with other governmental agencies and private organizations and shall cooperate with responsible civil authorities consistent with statutory and regulatory constraints in detecting, identifying, apprehending, prosecuting, educating, and counseling intoxicated drivers and in reporting cases as required by State laws and applicable Status of Forces Agreements.

### §62b.4 Procedures.

- (a) Education and training. (1) The Military Services shall provide drug and alcohol education that focuses on intoxicated driving for each of the following: law enforcement, public information, emergency room, and safety personnel. Club managers, bartenders, and waitresses serving alcoholic beverages and Class VI or package sales personnel shall receive annual refresher training. In addition, leadership curricula at all levels (PCO/PXO indoctrination, training for judge advocates and military judges, and officer and noncommissioned officer schools) shall include specific information and a review of current Military Service policy on intoxicated driving.
- (2) Other DoD Components shall provide similar instruction in conjunction with the training and education requirements of part 62a of this title.